Lantech

20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC

Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch

MODEL:LGS-2424C

User Manual



Notice

This manual contents are based on the below table listing software kernel version, hardware version, and firmware version. If the switch functions have any different from the manual contents description, please contact the local sale dealer for more information.

Firmware Version	V1.00
Kernel Version	
Hardware Version	V1.00

FCC Warning

This Equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CE Mark Warning

This is a Class-A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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The 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch is a multi-port switch that can be used to build high-performance switched workgroup networks. It provides wire-speed, Fast Ethernet switching function that allows high-performance, low-cost connection. The Switch features a store-and-forward switching and it can auto-learn and store source address on an 8K-entry MAC address table.

The 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch has 20 auto-sensing 10/100/1000Base-TX RJ-45 ports and 4 Mini-GBIC ports for higher connection speed.

Features

- System Interface/Performance
 - > RJ-45 port support Auto MDI/MDI-X Function
 - 4Mini-GBIC Sockets
 - Store-and-Forward Switching Architecture
 - Back-plane(Switching Fabric): 48Gbps
 - > 500Kbytes Packet Buffer
 - > 8K MAC Address Table
- VALN
 - Port Based VLAN
 - Support 802.1Q Tag VLAN
- Port Trunk with LACP
- QoS (Quaity of Service)
 - > Support IEEE 802.1p Class of Service
 - Per port provides 4 priority queues
 - > Port Base, Tag Base and Type of Service Priority
- Port Mirror: Monitor traffic in switched networks

- RX Packet only
- Security
 - IP Security: IP address security management to prevent unauthorized intruder
 - ► Login Security: IEEE802.1x/RADIUS
- IGMP Snooping v1,v2
- Spanning Tree
 - > Support IEEE 802.1d Spanning Tree
 - > Support IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree
- Bandwidth Control
 - > Ingress Packet Filter and Egress Rate Limit
 - Broadcast/Multicast Packet Filter Control
- SNMP Trap
 - Device cold start
 - Port Link up/Link down
- Web GUI Firmware Update and System Configuration Restore/Backup

Software	Feature

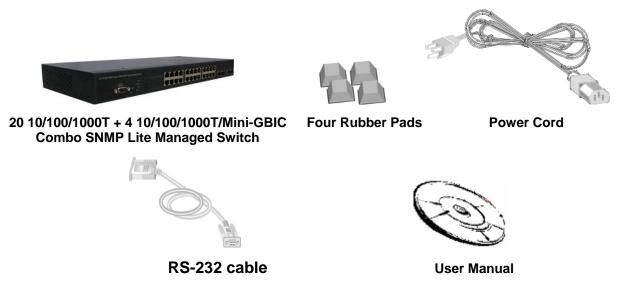
Management	SNMP v1, SNMP v2c, Telnet, Console (Command Line Interface), Web management
SNMP MIB	RFC 1213 MIBII, RFC 1493 Bridge MIB,
VLAN	Port based VLAN IEEE802.1Q Tag VLAN(255 entries)/VLAN ID(VLAN ID can be assigned from 1 to 4094)
Port Trunk with LACP	LACP Port Trunk: 8 Trunk groups/ 12 trunk members maximum
Spanning Tree	IEEE802.1d Spanning tree IEEE802.1w Rapid spanning tree

	The quality of service determined by port, Tag	
Quality of service	and IPv4 Type of Service, IPv4 Different	
Quality of Scivice	Service	
Class of Service	Support IEEE 802.1p class of service, per port	
	provides 4 priority queues	
Port Mirror	Support mirroring type: RX packet	
IGMP	Support IGMP snooping v1, v2	
	The IGMP supports 255 multicast groups	
	Support 1 IP address that has permission to	
IP Security	access the switch management and to prevent	
	unauthorized intruder	
Login Security	Support IEEE 802.1x Authentication/RADIUS	
	Support ingress packet filter and egress	
	packet limit	
	The egress rate control supports all of packet	
	type and the limit rates are 1K~32Mbps	
Bandwidth Control	Ingress filter packet type combination rules are	
Bandwidth Control	Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown	
	Unicast/ICMP/Learn Frame packet,	
	Broadcast/Multicast packet/Broadcast packet	
	only and all of packet. The packet filter rate	
	can be set from 1K to 32Mbps	
	Support Flow Control for Full-duplex and Back	
Flow Control	Pressure for Half-duplex	
	Up to 1 Trap station,	
SNMP Trap	Cold start,	
	Port link up, Port link down	
DHCP	DHCP Client	
Firmware Upgrade	Support Web interface for firmware update	

Package Contents

Unpack the contents of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch and verify them against the checklist below.

- 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch
- Four Rubber Feet
- Power Cord
- RS-232 cable
- User Manual



Compare the contents of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch package with the standard checklist above. If any item is missing or damaged, please contact your local dealer for service. This section mainly describes the hardware of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch.

Physical Dimension

The physical dimensions of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch is **440mm(W) x 161mm(D) x 44mm(H)**

Front Panel

The Front Panel of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch consist of 24 x auto-sensing 10/100/1000MbpsEthernet RJ-45 ports (automatic MDI/MDIX), 4 Mini GBIC ports, and the LED indicators are also located on the front panel of the switch.



Front Panel of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch

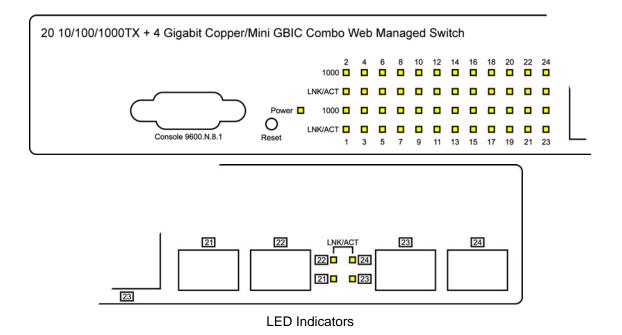
 RJ-45 Ports (Auto MDI/MDIX): 24 10/100/1000 auto-sensing for 10Base-T or 100Base-TX or 1000Base-T connections.

In general, MDI means connecting to another Hub or Switch while MDIX means connecting to a workstation or PC. Therefore, **Auto MDI/MDIX** means that you can connect to another Switch or workstation without changing non-crossover or crossover cabling.

■ 4 Mini GBIC port: 4 automatic detect Giga fiber ports. Giga fiber is the mini

GBIC module.

LED Indicators



The following table provides descriptions of the LED statuses and meaning. They provide a real-time indication of systematic operation status.

LED	Status	Description
Power	Green	Power On
	Off	No power input
1000	Green	The port is operating at the speed of 1000Mbps.
LNK / ACT	Green	The port is successfully connecting with the device.
	Blinks	The port is receiving or transmitting data.

	Off	No device attached.
	Green	The port is successfully connecting with the device.
	Blinks	The port is receiving or transmitting data.
LNK / ACT (MINI GBIC)	Off	No device attached.
	Blinks	Collision packet detection
	Off	No device attached.

Rear Panel

The 3-pronged power plug is located at the Rear Panel of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch as shown in figure. The Switches will work with AC in the range 100-240V AC, 50-60Hz.



Rear Panel of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch

Desktop Installation

Set the switch on a sufficiently large flat space with a power outlet nearby. The surface where you put your Switch should be clean, smooth, level, and sturdy. Make sure there is enough clearance around the Switch to allow attachment of cables, power cord and air circulation.

Attaching Rubber Feet

- 1. Make sure mounting surface on the bottom of the Switch is grease and dust free.
- 2. Remove adhesive backing from your Rubber Feet.
- 3. Apply the Rubber Feet to each corner on the bottom of the Switch. These footpads can prevent the Switch from shock/vibration.

Power On

Connect the power cord to the power socket on the rear panel of the Switch. The other side of power cord connects to the power outlet. The internal power works with AC in the voltage range 100-240VAC, frequency 50~60Hz. Check the power indicator on the front panel to see if power is properly supplied.

This section provides you a few samples of network topology in which the switch is used. In general, the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch is designed to be used as a desktop or segment switch.

Desktop Application

The 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch is designed to be a desktop size switch that is an ideal solution for small workgroup. The Switch can be used as a stand-alone switch to which personal computers, server, printer server are directly connected to form small workgroup.

Segment Application

For enterprise networks where large data broadcast are constantly processed, this switch is suitable for department user to connect to the corporate backbone.

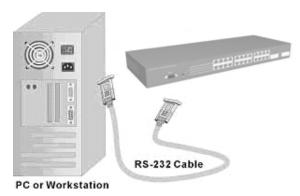
User can connect PCs, workstations, and servers to each other via the 20 $10/100/1000T + 4 \ 10/100/1000T$ /Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch. All the devices in this network can communicate with each other. Connecting servers to the backbone switch allow other users to access the data of server.

The switch automatically learns node address, which are subsequently used to filter and forward all traffic based on the destination address. User can use any of the RJ-45 port of the 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch to connect with another Switch or Hub to interconnect each of user's small-switched workgroups to form a larger switched network.

Console Management

Connecting to the Console Port

Use the supplied RS-232 cable to connect a terminal or PC to the console port. The connected terminal or PC must support the terminal emulation program.



Connecting the switch to a terminal via RS-232 cable

Login in the Console Interface

When the connection between Switch and PC is ready, turn on the PC and run a terminal emulation program or **Hyper Terminal** and configure its **communication parameters** to match the following default characteristics of the console port:

Baud Rate: 9600 bps Data Bits: 8 Parity: none Stop Bit: 1 Flow control: None

COM2 Properties			? ×
Port Settings			
Bits per second:	9600		•
<u>D</u> ata bits:	8		_
<u>P</u> arity:	None		_
<u>S</u> top bits:	1		•
Elow control:	None		_
<u>A</u> dvanced		<u>R</u> esto	re Defaults
0	К	Cancel	Apply

The settings of communication parameters

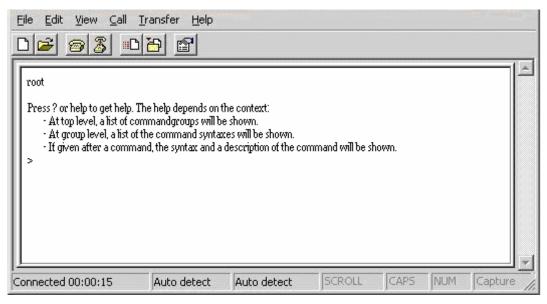
After finishing the parameter settings, click "**OK**". When the blank screen shows up, type in "**root**" then press **enter** button to get into command line mode. Please see below figure for login screen.

Eile Edit View Call						
root_						
<u> </u>						
Connected 00:00:15	Auto detect	Auto detect	SCROLL	CAPS	NUM	Capture /

CLI command interface

CLI Management

The system supports console management (CLI command). After you login to the system, you will see a command prompt.



CLI command interface

This section introduces the configuration and functions of the Web-Based management.

About Web-based Management

On CPU board of the switch, there is an embedded HTML web site residing in flash memory, which offers advanced management features and allow users to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later version. And, it is applied for Java Applets for reducing network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

[NOTE] By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to activate sockets. In fact, the user has to explicitly modify the browser setting to enable Java Applets to operate network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

Before using web management, install the industrial switch on the network and make sure that any one of the PCs on the network can connect with the industrial switch through the web browser. The industrial switch default value of IP, subnet mask and password are as below:

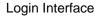
- IP Address: **192.168.16.1**
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: **192.168.16.254**
- Password: root

System Login

The default values are as below:

- IP Address: 192.168.16.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: **192.168.16.254**
- Password: root

🗿 Industrial Switch - Microsoft Internet Explorer		X
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp		
🕝 Back + 🕥 + 💌 😰 🏠 🔎 Search 🥎	🛧 Favorites 🥝 🍰 🎽 🔜 🔏	
Address a http://192.168.16.1/		💽 🔁 Go 🛛 Links 🎽
		<u> </u>
	Please enter password to login	
	Password:	
	Apply	
		9
124		
e		Internet



System Configuration

System parameters information list as below, and the other parameters of system can be configured as well.

 MAC Address: the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default)

- **S/W Version:** the Software Version of Kernel
- H/W Version: the Hardware Version of Switch
- Active IP Address: the current IP Address
- Active Subnet Mask: the current IP Subnet Mask
- Active Gateway: the current Gateway
- DHCP Server: the DHCP Server IP Address
- Lease Time Left: the DHCP lease time. After 50% of the lease time has passed, the client/switch will attempt to renew the lease with the original DHCP server that it obtained the lease from using a DHCPREQUEST message. Any time the client/switch boots and the lease is 50% or more passed, the client/switch will attempt to renew the lease. At 87.5% of the lease completion, the client/switch will attempt to contact any DHCP server for a new lease

MAC Address	00-ff-38-ff-f2-f1	
S/W Version	v1.00	
H/W Version	1.0	
Active IP Address	192.168.16.1	
ctive Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Active Gateway	192.168.16.254	
DHCP Server	0.0.0.0	
Lease Time Left	0 secs	
DHCP Enabled		
Fallback IP Address	192.168.16 .1	
Fallback Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Fallback Gateway	192.168.16.254	
TFTP Server Enabled		
Management VLAN(1~4094)	1	
Name	root	
Password	••••	
Inactivity Timeout(60~10000secs, Osecs means login forever)	300	

System Configuration

System Configuration interface

Refresh

Apply

- DHCP Enable: Enable DHCP Client Function
- Fallback IP Address: Assign the switch IP address (The default IP is 192.168.16.1)
- **Fallback Subnet Mask:** Assign the switch IP Subnet Mask
- Fallback Gateway: Assign the switch Gateway (The default value is 192.168.16.254)
- **TFTP Server Enabled:** Mark this check box to enable the TFTP server.
- Management VLAN: Assign a number of VLAN group between 1 and 4094. It is used for Remote Management Security; in fact, it gives the permission to access the switch only when the port of VLAN group ID is equal to the Management VLAN ID
- Name: the name of the switch
- Password: Web GUI login password. The default password is root
- Inactivity Timeout: Set the timeout period for security in number between 60 and 10000 seconds.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying

Console Info

This page displays the related information of the console port settings which you have set in the Console Management segment.

Console Info

Baud Rate (bps)	9600
Parity Check	none
Data Bits (bit)	8
Stop Bits (bit)	1
Flow Control	none

Console Information interface

Port Status

This page displays the port status of linking, auto-negotiation, flow control and max frame.

- Link: Displays the current connection speed.
- Auto-Negotiation: Displays the negotiation status of the port.
- Flows Control: Displays the status of flow control.
- MaxFrame (1518 ~ 9600): Displays the Maximum Frame Size.
- Drop frames after excessive collisions: When this check box is marked, the switch will drop the frames after excessive collisions.
- Click Refresh to get the newest status.

Port	Link	Auto-Negotiation	Flow Control	MaxFrame
1	Down	On	Off	1518
2	Down	On	Off	1518
3	Down	On	Off	1518
4	Down	On	Off	1518
5	1000FDX	On	Off	1518
6	Down	On	Off	1518
7	Down	On	Off	1518
8	Down	On	Off	1518
9	Down	On	Off	1518
10	Down	On	Off	1518
11	Down	On	Off	1518
12	Down	On	Off	1518
13	Down	On	Off	1518
14	Down	On	Off	1518
15	Down	On	Off	1518
16	Down	On	Off	1518
17	Down	On	Off	1518
18	Down	On	Off	1518
19	Down	On	Off	1518
20	Down	On	Off	1518
21	Down	On	Off	1518
22	Down	On	Off	1518
23	Down	On	Off	1518
24	Down	On	Off	1518
Drop fra	mes after exc	essive collisions		
		Combo Port 2		

Combo Port 21 is Copper Combo Port 22 is Copper Combo Port 23 is Copper Combo Port 24 is Copper

Refresh

Port Status interface

Statistics Overview for all ports

The following information provides the current port statistics

Press Clear button to clean all counts.

And then, click **Refresh** to get the new setting information as below:

Port	Tx Bytes	Tx Frames	Rx Bytes	Rx Frames	Tx Errors	Rx Errors		
1	0	0	0	0	0	0		
2	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3	0	0	0	0	0	0		
4	0	0	0	0	0	0		
5	34325	56	22022	141	0	0		
6	0	0	0	0	0	0		
7	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8	0	0	0	0	0	0		
9	0	0	0	0	0	0		
10	0	0	0	0	0	0		
11	0	0	0	0	0	0		
12	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13	0	0	0	0	0	0		
14	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15	0	0	0	0	0	0		
16	0	0	0	0	0	0		
17	0	0	0	0	0	0		
18	0	0	0	0	0	0		
19	0	0	0	0	0	0		
20	0	0	0	0	0	0		
21	0	0	0	0	0	0		
22	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23	0	0	0	0	0	0		
24	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Statistics Overview for all ports

Clear Refresh

Statistics Overview interface

Port Configuration

You can configure the linking mode, flow control and maximum frame size of the ports by this page.

- Link: Displays the current connection speed.
- **Mode:** Displays the negotiation status of the port.
- Flows Control: Select the operating mode: Auto Speed, 10 Half, 10 Full, 100 Half, 100 Full or 1000 Full.
- MaxFrame (1518 ~ 9600): Assign the Maximum Frame Size.
- Drop frames after excessive collisions: When this check box is marked,

the switch will drop the frames after excessive collisions.

■ Click Refresh to get the newest status.

Port	Link	Mode	Flow Control	MaxFrame (1518~9600)
1	Down	Auto Speed 🐱		1518
2	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
3	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
4	Down	Auto Speed 🐱		1518
5	1000FDX	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
6	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
7	Down	Auto Speed 💌		1518
8	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
9	Down	Auto Speed 💌		1518
10	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
11	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
12	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
13	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
14	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
15	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
16	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
17	Down	Auto Speed 💌		1518
18	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
19	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
20	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
21	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
22	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
23	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
24	Down	Auto Speed 🔽		1518
rop fra	mes after exce	essive collisions		
rop fra	mes arter exce	Apply	Refresh	

Port Configuration

Port Configuration interface

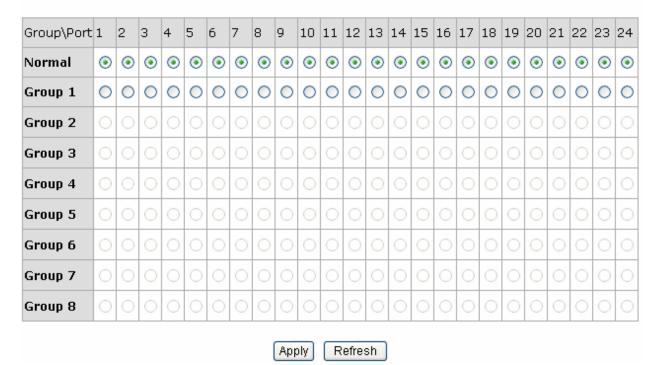
Aggregation/Trunking Configuration

Port trunk allows multiple links to be bundled together and act as a single physical link for increased throughput. It provides load balancing, and redundancy of links in a

switched inter-network. Actually, the link does not have an inherent total bandwidth equal to the sum of its component physical links. Traffic in a trunk is distributed across an individual link within the trunk in a deterministic method that called a hash algorithm. Traffic pattern on the network should be considered carefully before you apply it. When a proper hash algorithm is used, traffic is kind of randomly decided to be transmitted across either link within the trunk and load balancing will be seen.

- Grouping the members of Trunk. Normal means the port is not a trunk port
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying

Aggregation/Trunking Configuration



Port Trunk interface

Port Mirroring

- Analysis Port: Select a port for analyzing other ports.
- Monitor Rx: Mark the check box for enabling the received packets of the port

to be monitored.

- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, Click Refesh to reset the configuration before applying

Port Mirroring

Ionitor Ports	Monitor Rx
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

Port Mirroring interface

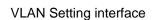
VLAN Setting

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would allow user to isolate network traffic, and therefore only the members of VLAN will receive traffic from the members of the same VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent to reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network

devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

- Assign the VLAN ID in number between 1 and 4094.
- And then, click add all to mark the 24 check boxes at the same time.
- And then, click **clear all** to clear the 24 check boxes at the same time.
- Grouping the members of VLAN.
- In the filed of "Quick Search Vlan Entry", please key in the Vlan ID and press
 Search to find the Vlan Entry.
- And then, click Apply to bring up the configuration interface as below:

											802.	1Q Vla	n Confi	guratio	on]		Vlan Po	rt Setti	ng									
													١	/lai	n S	etti	ng											
													c	Current P	Page: 1	Total P	age:26											
/lan Entry I	lo Vlan ID/VII	D(1~4094) F	ort1 F	Port2	Port3	Port4	Port5	Port6	Port7	Port8	Port9	Port10	Port11	Port12	Port13	Port14	Port15	Port16	Port17	Port18	Port19	Port20	Port21	Port22	Port23	Port24	Add All Ports	Clear All Ports
1	VID 1						V					~						~	~	V					~	~	add all	clear all
2	VID																										add all	clear all
3	VID																										add all	clear all
4	VID																										add all	clear all
5	VID																										add all	clear all
6	VID																										add all	clear all
7	VID																										add all	clear all
8	VID																										add all	clear all
9	VID																										add all	clear all
10	VID																										add all	clear all
												Quid	k Searc	h Vlan	Entry, \	/lan ID		Search	ו									



VLAN Port Setting

Change to the "VLAN Port Setting" tab for adjusting the VID Setting

- **PVID:** Enter the Port VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.
- Awareness: Enable the awareness that ports will strip the VLAN tag from received frames and insert the tag in the transmitted frames (PVID). Disable the awareness that ports will not strip the tag from received frames or insert the tag in the transmitted frames.
- Frame Type: Set the outgoing frames type.
 - All: All type of frames

- **Tagged:** Outgoing frames with VLAN-Tagged
- After that, click Apply to apply the configuration.
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying

	802.1Q Vlan Configura	ation VIa	an Port Setting
	Vlan	Port Set	ting
	viari	i on dei	ling
Port	PVID(1~4094)	Awareness	Frame Type
1	1	Disable 🐱	All 🔽
2	1	Disable 😽	All 💌
3	1	Disable 💌	All 💌
4	1	Disable 🛩	All 🔽
5	1	Disable 🛩	All 🔽
6	1	Disable 💌	All 🗸
7	1	Disable 🖌	All 🗸
8	1	Disable 🖌	All 🗸
9	1	Disable 🗸	All 🗸
10	1	Disable 🗸	All 🖌
11	1	Disable 🗸	All 🔽
12	1	Disable 🗸	All 🔽
13	1	Disable 🗸	All 🖌
14	1	Disable 🗸	All 🖌
15	1	Disable 🗸	All 🖌
16	1	Disable 👻	All 🗸
17	1	Disable 🖌	All 🗸
18	1	Disable 🖌	All 🗸
19	1	Disable 🖌	All 🗸
20	1	Disable 🗸	All 🗸
21	1	Disable 👻	All 🗸
22	1	Disable 🗸	All 🗸
23	1	Disable 🗸	All 🗸
24	1	Disable 🗸	All 🔽

PVID can be set to 'none' used for trunk links. You can leave this value to none for setting PVID to none.



VLAN Port Setting interface

LACP Setting

The Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) provides a standardized means for exchanging information between Partner Systems on a link to allow their Link Aggregation Control instances to reach agreement on the identity of the Link Aggregation Group to which the link belongs, move the link to that Link Aggregation Group, and enable its transmission and reception functions in an orderly manner. Link aggregation lets user group up to eight consecutive ports into a single dedicated connection. This feature can expand bandwidth to a device on the network. **LACP operation requires full-duplex mode,** more detail information refers to IEEE 802.3ad.

- Protocol Enabled: Mark the check box to enable the LACP protocol of the port.
- Key Value: The LACP key determines which ports potentially can aggregate together.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying

LACP Port configuration

LACP Port Configuration

1	auto
2	auto
3	auto
4	auto
5	auto
6	auto
7	auto
8	auto
9	auto
10	auto
11	auto
12	auto
13	auto
14	auto
15	auto
16	auto
17	auto
18	auto
19	auto
20	auto
21	auto
22	auto
23	auto
24	auto

LACP Setting interface

LACP Status

When the LACP aggregator has been setup, the LACP status information will display as below:

- **Protocol Active:** Displays whether the LACP protocol is active.
- Partner Port Number: Displays the partner port number which is connecting to this port.
- Operational Port key: The LACP key determines which ports potentially can aggregate together.

				LA	CP F	ort	con	figu	ratio	on	1	1			LA	CP	Stat	tus				í				
			L	A	С	Р	A	a	aı	re	a	at	ic	on	0	D١	/e	er	vi	e١	N					
G	roup/P	ort :		_			_	_	_		_		_								_		1 22	23	24	
	Norma	1																								
											Leg	ger	hd													
Down	Po	rt linl	k dov	wn																						
Blocked	d Po	rt Blo	ocked	d by	RST	P. N	lumb	ber i	is Pa	artn	er p	ort	nur	nber	if c	the	rsv	vitcl	n ha	is L4	ACP	en	able	d		
Learnir	ng Po	rt Le	arnir	ng b	y RS	TP																				
Forwar	rding Po	rt linl	k up	and	for	varo	ding	frai	mes																	
Forwar	rding Po	rt linl	k up	and	for	ward	ding	by	RST	P. N	lumł	ber	is P	artn	er p	ort	nur	nbe	r if (othe	er s	wite	h h	as L	ACP	enabi

LACP Port Status

Port	Protocol Active	Partner Port Number	Operational Port Key
1	no		
2	no		
з	no		
4	no		
5	no		
6	no		
7	no		
8	no		
9	no		
10	no		
11	no		
12	no		
13	no		
14	no		
15	no		
16	no		
17	no		
18	no		
19	no		
20	no		
21	no		
22	no		
23	no		
24	no		

Refresh

LACP Status interface

Spanning Tree

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol and provides for faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will automatically detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP System Configuration

- System Priority: A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. If the value has being changed, user has to reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
- Hello Time (1-10): The scale of 1~10 sec will be set as a period of time that how often the switch broadcasts hello messages to other switches
- Max Age (6-40): The number of seconds (from 6~ 40) which determines the amount of time that protocol information received on a port is stored by the switch.
- Forward Delay Time (4-30): The number of seconds (from 4 ~ 30) which determines how long each of the listening and learning states will last before the port begins forwarding.
- Force version: Select the RSTP default protocol. Normal means RSTP protocol. Compatible means it's compatible with STP protocol.

RSTP System Configuration

System Priority	32768 🐱
Hello Time (1~10)	2
Max Age (6~40)	20
Forward Delay (4~30)	15
Force version	Normal 🔽

Port		Path Cost(auto 1-200000000)
Aggregations		
1	v	auto
2	~	auto
3	v	auto
4	V	auto
5	V	auto
6	V	auto
7	V	auto
8	V	auto
9	V	auto
10	V	auto
11	V	auto
12	V	auto
13	V	auto
14	V	auto
15	v	auto
16	V	auto
17	V	auto
18	V	auto
19	V	auto
20	v	auto
21	v	auto
22	v	auto
23	v	auto
24	V	auto

RSTP Port Configuration

Apply Refresh

RSTP Configuration interface

RSTP Port Configuration

- Protocol Enable: to enable or disable the port protocol
- Edge: The port directly connected to end stations cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, mark the port

- Path Cost: The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 200000000
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying

Spanning Tree Status

Click **Refresh** to get the newest configuration information. Also, the RSTP VLAN Bridge information will display as below:

- VLAN ID: Displays the number of VLAN group ID.
- Bridge ID: Displays the ID produced by the algorithm of MAC address and priority that is used in the STP/RSTP structure.
- Hello Time: Displays the period of time in seconds that how often the switch broadcasts hello messages to other switches.
- Max Age: Displays the number of seconds which determines the amount of time that protocol information received on a port stored by the switch.
- Fwd Delay: Displays the number of seconds which determines how long each of the listening and learning states will last before the port begins forwarding.
- **Topology:** Displays the status of the topology.
- **Root ID:** Displays the ID of the root.

RSTP - Port Configuration

- 1. **Port/Group:** Displays the port number and its group number.
- 2. Vlan Id: Displays the Vlan ID of the port.
- 3. **Path Cost:** The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port.
- 4. **Edge port:** The port directly connected to end stations cannot create bridging loop in the network.

- 5. P2P: Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to one other bridge exactly (i.e. it is served by a point-to-point LAN segment), or can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True means P2P enabled. False means P2P disabled.
- 6. **Protocol:** Displays the protocol used.
- 7. **Port State:** Displays whether the port is the STP mathematic calculation or not.
- 8. Click Apply

RSTP Port Configuration

RSTP VLAN Bridge Overview

LAN	Id Bridge Id	Н	ello Time	Max Age	Fwd Delay	Topolog	jy Root Id
	32769:00-ff-38-f	f-f2-f2 2		20	15	Steady	This switch is R
			RST	Port Sta	tus		
	Port/Group V	lan Id Pa	ath Cost	Edge Port	P2p Port P	rotocol	Port State
	Port 1					1	Non-STP
	Port 2						Non-STP
	Port 3					1	Non-STP
	Port 4					1	Non-STP
	Port 5					I	Non-STP
	Port 6						Non-STP
	Port 7					I	Non-STP
	Port 8					I	Non-STP
	Port 9					I	Non-STP
	Port 10						Non-STP
	Port 11					I	Non-STP
	Port 12						Non-STP
	Port 13						Non-STP
	Port 14						Non-STP
	Port 15						Non-STP
	Port 16						Non-STP
	Port 17						Non-STP
	Port 18						Von-STP
	Port 19						Von-STP
	Port 20						Von-STP
	Port 21						Von-STP
	Port 22						Von-STP
	Port 23						Von-STP
	Port 24						Von-STP

Refresh

RSTP Port Status interface

SNMP Setting

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

SNMP Setting

SNMP enabled	
SNMP Contact	SYSTEM CONTACT
SNMP Location	SYSTEM LOCATION
SNMP Trap destination	0.0.0.0
SNMP Read Community	public
SNMP Write Community	private
SNMP Trap Community	public

Apply Refresh

SNMP Setting interface

- **SNMP enabled:** Mark the check box to enable SNMP.
- **SNMP Contact:** Displays System contact.
- SNMP Location: Displays System location.
- SNMP Trap destination: Assign the IP address of the destination for receiving the SNMP trap.
- SNMP Read Community: Read only community string. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information.
- SNMP Write Community: Read/Write. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects.
- SNMP Trap Community: Enables requests accompanied by this string to receive SNMP trap.

QoS Configuration

In this segment, you can configure QoS policy setting, QoS DSCP setting, priority queue service and QoS Vlan tag.

Mode: Select the QoS mode – port, DSCP, or vlan tag.

- **Port Priority:** Select the priority level low, normal, medium, or high.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying.

1		figuration		
Port	Mode	Port Priority		
1	port 🗸	high 🔽		
2	port 💌	high 🔽		
З	port 👻	high 🔽		
4	port 💌	high 🔽		
5	port 💌	high 🔽		
6	port 🔽	high 🔽		
7	port 🗸	high 🔽		
8	port 💌	high 🔽		
9	port 🔽	high 🔽		
10	port 💌	high 💌		
11	port 🔽	high 💌		
12	port 🗸	high 🔽		
13	port 👻	high 🛩		
14	port 🗸	high 🔽		
15	port 🗸	high 🔽		
16	port 🗸	high 🔽		
17	port 🗸	high 🔽	_	
18	port 🗸	high 🔽		
19	port 🗸	high 🔽	-	
20	port 🗸	high 🔽		
21	port 🗸	high 🗸		
22	port 🗸	high 🗸	-	
23	port v	high 🗸		

Apply Refresh

QoS Configuration interface

QoS DSCP Mapping

- Change to Qos DSCP Mapping tab:
 - > DSCP [0- 63]: The system provides 0~63 TOS priority level. When the

IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS level value in the IP packet that has received. For example, user set the TOS level 25 is high. The port 1 is following the TOS priority policy. When the packet received by port 1, the system will check the TOS value of the received IP packet. If the TOS value of received IP packet is 25 (priority = high), and then the packet priority will have highest priority

- > **Priority:** Select the priority level high, medium, low, or normal
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, Click Refesh to reset the configuration before applying

SCP [0-63]	Priority				
	high	*			
	high	~			
	high	~			
	high	*			
	high	*			
	high	*			
	high	*			
All others	high	*			

QoS DSCP Mapping

QoS DSCP Mapping interface

Priority Queue Service

Change to Priority Queue Service tab:

You can choose the means for priority queue. There are two radio buttons in each port column—All High Before Low & Weighted Round Robin/WRR. When All High Before Low is selected, the low priority queues will be served before all of

the high priority queue services are finished. Or otherwise, you can check the **Weighted Round Robin/WRR** radio button for the queue service to be served in compliance with WRR.

QoS Configuration

QoS DSCP Mapping

Mapping Priority Queue Service

QoS Vlan Tag

Priority Queue Service

Ports	Priority Qu	eue Service (WRR: Low:Norma	l:Medium:High)
1	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
2	O All High Before Low	• Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
3	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
4	O All High Before Low	• Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
5	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
6	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
7	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
8	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
9	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🗸 : 2 🗸 : 4 🗸 : 8 🗸
10	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
11	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
12	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
13	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
14	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
15	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
16	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
17	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🗸 : 2 🗸 : 4 🗸 : 8 🗸
18	O All High Before Low	• Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
19	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
20	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 • : 2 • : 4 • : 8 •
21	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
22	O All High Before Low	• Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
23	O All High Before Low	Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 🕶 : 2 🕶 : 4 🕶 : 8 🕶
24	O All High Before Low	• Weighted Round Robin/WRR	1 • : 2 • : 4 • : 8 •

Apply Refresh

Priority Queue Service interface

- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, Click Refesh to reset the configuration before applying

QoS Vlan Tag Priority Mapping

You can pull down the selection item from Vlan Tag 0 to Vlan Tag 7 of each port to assign the priority. There are 4 priority selections—low, normal, medium and high.

6 Confi	guration		1	Qos	5 DSCP	Марр	oing	1	Priority Q	ueue Service		QoS V	/lan ˈ
		Q	oS	V	lan	Т	ag F	Pr	iority	Мар	ping		
Port	ValnTag]=0	ValnTa	ng=1	ValnTa	g=2	ValnTag	=3	ValnTag=4	ValnTag=5	ValnTag=6	5 ValnTa	g=7
1	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	*	medium 🔽	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
2	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
3	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
4	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 🔽	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
5	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 🔽	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
6	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 🔽	medium 🔽	high 🔽	high	~
7	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 🔽	high 🔽	high	~
8	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 🔽	medium 🔽	high 🔽	high	~
9	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 🔽	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
10	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
11	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
12	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
13	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
14	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
15	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 🐱	high 🗸	high	~
16	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 🐱	high 🔽	high	~
17	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 🔽	high 🔽	high	~
18	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
19	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
20	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
21	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 🔽	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
22	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
23	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🔽	high	~
24	normal	~	low	~	low	~	normal	~	medium 💌	medium 💌	high 🗸	high	~



QoS VLAN Tag Priority Mapping interface

Filter

- Source IP Filter
 - > Mode: Select the source IP mode Static, DHCP, or Disabled

- IP Address: When Mode is set in Static mode, user has to assign an IP address manually.
- IP Mask: When Mode is set in Static mode, user has to assign the IP mask manually.
- **DHCP Server Allowed:** Mark this check box for DHCP Server allowed.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, Click **Refesh** to reset the configuration before applying.

Port	Source IP Fil	1	TD Marali	DHCP Serve
	Mode	IP Address	IP Mask	_
1	Disabled 🗸	J		
2	Disabled Static			
2	DHCP			
3	Disabled 💙			
4	Disabled 🗸			
5	Disabled 🐱			
6	Disabled 🗸			
7	Disabled 🔽			
B	Disabled 🔽			
9	Disabled 🗸			
10	Disabled 🗸			
11	Disabled 🗸			
12	Disabled 🗸			
13	Disabled 🗸			
14	Disabled 🗸			
15	Disabled 🗸			
16	Disabled 🗸			
17	Disabled 🗸			
18	Disabled 🗸			
19	Disabled 🗸			
20	Disabled 🗸			
21	Disabled 🗸			
22	Disabled 🗸			
23	Disabled 🗸			
24	Disabled 🗸			

Filter Configuration

Filter Configuration interface

IGMP Configuration

- **IGMP Enabled:** Mark the check box for enabling IGMP function.
- **Router Ports:** Mark the check box to the port number for checking.
- Unregistered IPMC Flooding enabled: The default state is checked to enable the unregistered IP MultiCast flooding.
- IGMP Snooping Enabled: Mark the check box for enabling IGMP Snooping function.
- IGMP Querying Enabled: Mark the check box for enabling IGMP Querying function.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.
- Or, Click Refesh to reset the configuration before applying.

IGMP	Configuration
	configuration

IGMP Status

IGMP Configuration

IGMP Enabled	
Router Ports	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
	17 🚺 18 🛄 19 🛄 20 🛄 21 🛄 22 🛄 23 🛄 24 🛄
Unregistered IPMC Flooding enabled	

Current Page:1 Total Page:1								
VLAN ID IGMP Snooping Enabled IGMP Querying Enabled								
1								
Quick Search Vlan Entry, Vlan ID: Search								
Apply Re	fresh FirstPage PrePa	ge NextPage EndPage						
	IGMP Configurat	ion interface						

IGMP Status

- **Querier:** Displays the status of the querier.
- **Queries transmitted:** Displays the amount of the transmitted queries.
- **Queries received:** Displays the amount of the received queries.
- v1~v3 Reports: Displays the IGMP reports of version 1~3.
- Click Refesh to reset the status.

	IGMP	Configuration	1]	10	GMP Statu	15	
			MP S	tatu Total Pag	-		
VLAN Id	Querier	1	Queries	v1	v2 Reports	v3 Reports	v2 Leaves
1	Disabled	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Qui Refresh	ick Search VI FirstPage	PrePage	e Next	Sean	ch EndPage)
			IGMP Statu	us interface	Э		

Rate Limit Configuration

- Storm Control (Number of frames per second)
 - ICMP Rate: Assign the rate of transmitting packets of ICMP. The rates are in the range of 1K~32768K bps or No limit.
 - Learn Frames Rate: Assign the rate of learning frames. The rates are in the range of 1K~32768K bps or No limit.
 - Broadcast Rate: Assign the rate of broadcasting packets. The rates are in the range of 1K~32768K bps or No limit.
 - Multicast Rate: Assign the rate of multicasting packets. The rates are in the range of 1K~32768K bps or No limit.
 - Flooded unicast Rate: Assign the rate of flooded unicasting packets. The rates are in the range of 1K~32768K bps or No limit.

- **Policer:** Assign the policer rates in the range of 128K~3968K bps or No limit.
- Shaper: Assign the shaper rates in the range of 128K~3968K bps or No limit.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, Click Refesh to reset the configuration before applying

Rate Limit Configuration

Storm Control Number of frames per second					
ICMP Rate	No Limit 💌				
Learn Frames Rate	No Limit 🐱				
Broadcast Rate	No Limit 💌				
Multicast Rate	No Limit 💌				
Flooded unicast Rate	No Limit 🐱				

Port	Policer	Shaper
1	No Limit 🛛 🔽	No Limit 🔽
2	No Limit 🛛 🗸	No Limit 🔽
3	No Limit 🛛 🗸	No Limit 🔽
4	No Limit 🛛 🗸	No Limit 💌
5	No Limit 🛛 🗸	No Limit 🔽
6	No Limit 🛛 🗸	No Limit 🔽
7	No Limit 🛛 🗸	No Limit 🖌
8	No Limit 🛛 🖌	No Limit 🔽
9	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🔽
10	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🔽
11	No Limit 🛛 🔽	No Limit 🔽
12	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🔽
13	No Limit 🛛 🔽	No Limit 🔽
14	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🛛 🗸
15	No Limit 🛛 👻	No Limit 🛛 🗸
16	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🛛 🗸
17	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🖌
18	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🖌
19	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🖌
20	No Limit 🛛 🖌	No Limit 🖌
21	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🖌
22	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🖌
23	No Limit 🛛 🐱	No Limit 🛛 🗸
24	No Limit 🛛 👻	No Limit 🛛 🗸

Apply Refresh

Rate Limit interface

802.1X Configuration

802.1x is an IEEE authentication specification that allows a client to connect to a wireless access point or wired switch but prevents the client from gaining access to the Internet until it provides credentials, like a user name and password that are verified by a separate server.

- **Mode:** To disable or enable 802.1x protocol.
- RADIUS IP: Assign the Radius Server IP address
- RADIUS UDP Port: Assign the UDP destination port for authentication requests to the specified Radius Server
- RADIUS Secret: Assign an encryption key for using during authentication sessions with the specified radius server. This key must match the encryption key used on the Radius Server
- Admin State: Select the state of port
 - Force Authorized: The specified port is required to be held in the unauthorized state
 - Force Unauthorized: The specified port is required to be held in the authorized state
 - Auto: The specified port is set to the authorized or unauthorized state in accordance with the outcome of an authentication exchange between the Supplicant and the authentication server
- **Re-authenticate:** Restart authentication process for the port
- **Force Reinitialize:** Restart a complete authentication process for the port
- **Statistics:** Click to view each port statistic
- Re-authenticate All: Restart a complete authentication process for all of the ports.
- Force reinitialize All: Restart authentication process for the port
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying.

802.1X Configuration

Mode:	Disabled 🐱
RADIUS IP	0.0.0.0
RADIUS UDP Port	1812
RADIUS Secret	

Port	Admin State		Port State			
1	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
2	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
3	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
4	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
5	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
6	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
7	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
8	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
9	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
10	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
11	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
12	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
13	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
14	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
15	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
16	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
17	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
18	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
19	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
20	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
21	Force Authorized	~	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
22	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
23	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
24	Force Authorized	*	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
				Re-authenticate Al	Force Reinitialize Al	

Parameters

Apply Refresh

802.1X Configuration interface

802.1X Parameters

Click the tab of 802.1X Parameters or press the Parameters button to change to the 802.1X Parameters page.

- **Reauthentication Enable:** To enable the re-authentication mode.
- Reauthentication period (1~3600 seconds): Set the period of time after which clients connected must be re-authenticated.
- EPA Timeout (1~255 seconds): Set the period of time the switch waits for a supplicant response to an EAP request
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration
- Or, click **Refresh** to reset the configuration before applying

802.1X Configuration

802.1X Parameters

802.1X Statistics

802.1X Parameters

Reauthentication Enabled	Enabled
Reauthentication Period [1-3600 seconds]	3600
EAP timeout [1 - 255 seconds]	30

Apply

802.1X Parameters interface

Refresh

802.1X Statistics

Click the tab of 802.1X Statistics to change to the 802.1X Statistics page to view the detail information.

Click Refresh to get the newest statistics.

802.1X Configuration

802.1X Statistics

802.1X Statistics for Port 0

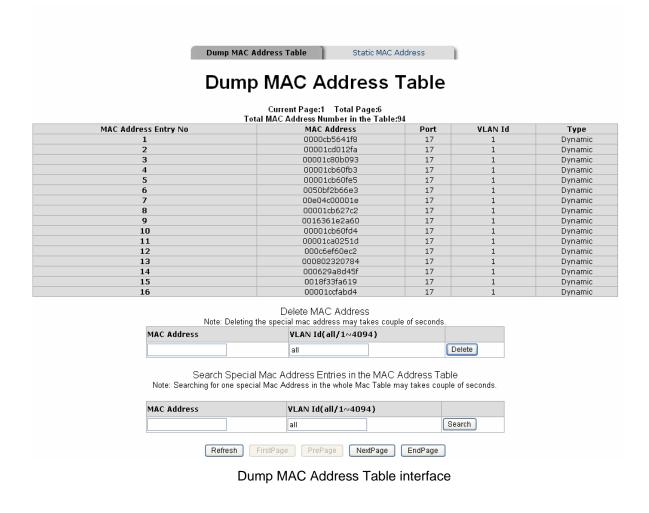
		_					1	and and	
Por	rt 1	Port 2	Port 3	Port 4	Port 5	Port 6	Port 7	Port 8	
Por	rt 9	Port 1	0 Port 11	Port 12	Port 13	Port 14	Port 15	Port 16	
Por	rt 17	Port 1	8 Port 19	Port 20	Port 21	Port 22	Port 23	Port 24	
Authenticator counters									
authEntersConnecting			0		authEap	LogoffsWl	nileConne	cting	0
authEntersAuthenticating			0		authAuth	nSuccesse	sWhileAu	thenticating	0
authAuthTimeoutsWhileAu	thenti	icating	0		authAuth	FailWhile	Authentic	ating	0
authAuthEapStartsWhileAu	uthent	ticating	0		authAuth	EapLogo	ffWhileAut	thenticating	0
authAuthReauthsWhileAut	hentio	ated	0		authAuth	EapStart	sWhileAut	henticated	0
authAuthEapLogoffWhileA	uthen	ticated	0						
Backend Authenticator cou	inters								
backendResponses		0		backendAccessChallenges			0		
backendOtherRequestsToSupplicant		1		backendAuthSuccesses			128		
backendAuthFails		194		J					
dot1x MIB counters									
dot1xAuthEapolFramesRx		0		dot1xAuthEapolFramesTx				0	
dot1xAuthEapolStartFrame	esRx		0		dot1xAuthEapolLogoffFramesRx		0		
dot1xAuthEapolRespIdFra	mesR	<	0		dot1xAut	thEapolRe	spFrames	Rx	5
dot1xAuthEapolReqIdFram	nesTx		192		dot1xAut	thEapolRe	qFramesT	Гх	0
dot1xAuthInvalidEapolFrar	nesRx		2		dot1xAut	thEapLen	gthErrorFr	amesRx	130
dot1xAuthLastEapolFrame	Versio	n	156		dot1xAut	thLastEap	olFrameS	ource	
Other statistics									
Last Supplicant identity									

Refresh



MAC Address Table Control

- MAC Address Entry No: The index of the MAC address table.
- MAC Address: The MAC address of the entry.
- **Port:** Displays the port number from which the MAC address was learned.
- VLAN ID: Displays the VLAN ID of the port.
- Type: Displays the information of the MAC address that was learned automatically by the switch or built by user.
- Click Refesh to reset the status.



Static MAC Address Entries in Permanent Table

This page displays the static MAC address information.

■ Click Refesh to get the newest information.

Dumn	MAC	Address	Table
Dump	INCO.	Address	Table

Static MAC Address

Static MAC Address Entries in Permanent Table

Entries		Static MAC		Port	VLAN I		
	No St	atic Mac Address Er	itry in Perma	anent Table			
	Add Static MAC Address Note: You can use "none" to specify no ports.						
MAC Address	140	Port(none/1-24)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LAN Id(1-4094	1)		
		Delete Static N	1 1AC Addres	55	Add		
	Note:Deleting f	the special mac addre			nds.		
MAC Address		VLAN Id(all/1-4094))			
		all			Delete		

Static MAC Address Entries in Permanent Table interface

Configuration Upload

User can backup the current configuration as a file by clicking I button. Or you can restore the configuration from an existing file by clicking Download button.

Configuration Upload
瀏覽
Upload
Configuration Download
Download
Configuration Unload & Download interface

Factory Default

Reset the switch to default configuration

Click Yes to reset the all configuration to the default value.

Factory Default

Are you sure you want to perform a Factory Default and Warm Restart? Yes No

Factory Default interface

Software Upload

The system provides the Web GUI firmware update function which allow user to update the switch firmware.

- Click 🕮 to locate the firmware.
- And then, press Upload to update the firmware.

Software Upload	
(瀏覽)	
Upload	
Warnning: Upload Progress cannot be interrupted. You should not open other webpages when uploading. This operation ma cause system to crash very easily.	y

When you have to do this, we strongly suggest you to reboot system before upgrade.

Firmware Upload interface

Reboot

Reboot the switch in software reset. All the configurations will be reminded.

■ Click Yes to restart the system



Configuration File Transfer

1

The system provides the Web GUI configuration file transfer function which would allow user to backup and restore the switch configuration.

Click	Browse	to locate	the file.	
And th	ien, press	Upload	to upload the	e file.
For re	storing the	file, press	Download	to restore the file.
		Configurat	tion Upload	
				瀏覽
		Upload		
		Configurat	tion Downlo	ad
		Develop	-	
		Download		

Configuration File Transfer interface

Logout

To log out the system, just click the "**Logout**" item in the tree menu on the left side, and the system will display the login interface as below.

Please enter password to login

Password:		
	Apply	
L	_ogout interface	

This section is intended to help user solve the most common problems on the 20 10/100/1000TX plus 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch.

Incorrect connections

The switch port can automatically detect straight or crossover cable when user link switch with other Ethernet device. As for the RJ-45 connector, it should use correct UTP or STP cable; 10/100Mbps port use 2-pairs twisted cable while Gigabit 1000T port use 4 pairs twisted cable. If the RJ-45 connector is not correct pinned on right position, then the link will fail. As for fiber connector, please notice the fiber cable mode and fiber module should match.

■ Faulty or loose cables

Look for loose or obviously faulty connections. If they appear to be OK, make sure the connections are snug. If that does not correct the problem, try a different cable.

Non-standard cables

Non-standard and miss-wired cables may cause numerous network collisions and other network problem, and can seriously impair network performance. A category 5-cable tester is a recommended tool for every 100Base-T network installation.

RJ-45 ports: use unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shield twisted-pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections: 100Ω Category 3, 4 or 5 cable for 10Mbps connections or 100Ω Category 5 cable for 100Mbps connections. Also be sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328)

feet). Gigabit port should use Cat-5 or cat-5e cable for 1000Mbps connections. The length does not exceed 100 meters.

Improper Network Topologies

It is important to make sure that you have a valid network topology. Common topology faults include excessive cable length and too many repeaters (hubs) between end nodes. In addition, you should make sure that your network topology contains no data path loops. Between any two end nodes, there should be only one active cabling path at any time. Data path loops will cause broadcast storms that will severely impact your network performance.

Diagnosing LED Indicators

The Switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators, which describes common problems you may encounter and where you can find possible solutions, to assist in identifying problems.

If the power indicator does not light on when the power cord is plugged in, you may have a problem with power outlet, or power cord. However, if the switch powers off after running for a while check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at power outlet. If you still cannot resolve the problem, contact your local dealer for assistance.

Technical Specifications

This section provides the specifications of 20 10/100/1000T + 4 10/100/1000T/Mini-GBIC Combo SNMP Lite Managed Switch and the following table lists these specifications.

	IEEE802.3 10BASE-T		
	IEEE802.3u 100BASE-TX		
	IEEE802.3z Gigabit fiber		
	IEEE802.3ab 1000Base-T		
	IEEE802.3x Flow control and Back pressure		
Standards	IEEE802.3ad Port trunk with LACP		
	IEEE802.1d Spanning tree protocol		
	IEEE802.1w Rapid spanning tree		
	IEEE802.1p Class of service		
	IEEE802.1Q VLAN Tagging		
	IEEE 802.1x User Authentication(RADIUS)		
Protocol	CSMA/CD		
	System Power (Green)		
	Gigabit Copper port: Link/Activity(Green),		
LED Indicators	100/1000Mbps (Green)		
	Mini GBIC: Link/Activity (Green)		
	RS-232 Console : Female DB-9		
Commenter	GiGabit Copper: 24 x RJ-45		
Connector	MINI GBIC: 4 x MINI GBIC socket. The MINI GBIC		
	shared with RJ-45 port 21, 22, 23 and 24.		
	Store and forward switch architecture. 48Gbps		
Switch architecture	system backplane. System throughput up to		
	71.42Mpps.		

Packet buffer	500Kbytes
Jumbo Packet	10Kbytes
Dimensions	440mm(W) x 161mm(D) x 44mm(H)
MAC Address	8K MAC address table with Auto learning function
Storage Temp.	-40℃~70℃, 95% RH
Operating Humidity	10% ~ 95% (Non-condensing)
Operational Temp.	0°C~45°C
Power Supply	AC 100~240V, 50/60Hz
Power Consumption	17.9 Watts (Maximum)
Ventilation	1 Fan for ventilating
Installation	19" EIA/TIA Rack design
EMI	Compliance with FCC Class A, CE
Safety	Compliance with UL, cUL, CE/EN60950-1