Lantech

IES-1204FT User's Manual



Table of Content

Gettin	g to K	now Your Switch3	3
1.1	Abou	t the IES-1204FT Industrial Smart-Ring Switch	3
1.2	Softv	are Features	3
1.3	Hard	ware Features	3
Hardw	vare In:	stallation4	1
2.1	Insta	ling Switch on DIN-Rail	1
2.	1.1 Mo	ount IES-1204FT on DIN-Rail	1
2.2	Wall	Mounting Installation	5
2.2	2.1 Mo	ount IES-1204FT on wall	5
Hardw	vare Ov	/erview6	5
3.1	Front	Panel6	5
3.2	Front	Panel LEDs	3
3.3	Botto	m Panel٤	3
4.1	Ether	net Cables	9
4.	1.1 10	0BASE-TX/10BASE-T Pin Assignments	9
4.2	SFP.)
WERI	Manad	ement11	
5.1	•	guration by Web Browser11	
-		out Web-based Management	
		sic Setting	
	5.1.2.1	Switch setting	
	5.1.2.2	Admin Password	
	5.1.2.3	IP configuration14	1
	5.1.2.4	SNTP Configuration	3
	5.1.2.5	LLDP	
	5.1.2.6	Dip Setting19	9
	5.1.2.7	Backup & Restore	9
	5.1.2.8	Upgrade Firmware)
5.	1.3 Pc	rt Configuration)
	5.1.3.1	Port Control)
	5.1.3.2	Port Status21	1
5	1.4 Re	dundancy	2

5.1.4	4.1	Fast Recovery Mode	22
5.1.4	4.2	Pro-Ring	23
5.1.4	4.3	RSTP	
5.1.5	VLAI	N Configuration – Port Based	
5.1.6	QOS	S	27
5.1.7	MAC	Filter	
5.1.8	SNM	IP Configuration	31
5.1.8	3.1 SN	IMP – Agent Setting	31
5.1.6	5.2 SN	IMP –Trap Setting	32
5.1.6	5.3 SN	IMP-SNMPV3 Setting	
5.1.7.	Warr	ning	
5.1.7	7.1.	SYSLOG Setting	36
5.1.7	7.2.	System Event LOG	37
5.1.7	7.3.	SMTP Setting	38
5.1.7	7.4.	Even Selection	39
5.1.7	7.5.	Fault Alarm	40
5.1.8 Fi	ront P	anel	40
5.1.9 S	ave C	Configuration	41
5.1.10 I	Facto	ry Default	41
5.1.11 \$	Syster	m Reboot	41
Technical	Spe	cifications	42

Getting to Know Your Switch

1.1 About the IES-1204FT Industrial Smart-Ring Switch

The IES-1204FT switch are cost-effect and powerful industrial switch with many features. These switches can work under wide temperature and dusty environment and humid condition.

1.2 Software Features

- World's fastest Redundant Ethernet Ring (Recovery time < 10ms over 250 units connection)
- Supports Ring Coupling, Dual Homing and RSTP over PrPro-Ring
- Support fast recovery mode
- Easy-to-configure: Web / Windows utility

1.3 Hardware Features

- Wide Operating Temperature: -40 to 70°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing
- 10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet port
- 100Base-FX SFP port

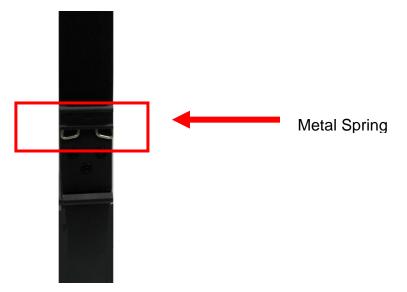
Hardware Installation

2.1 Installing Switch on DIN-Rail

Each switch has a DIN-Rail kit on rear panel. The DIN-Rail kit helps switch to fix on the DIN-Rail. It is easy to install the switch on the DIN-Rail:

2.1.1 Mount IES-1204FT on DIN-Rail

Step 1: Slant the switch and mount the metal spring to DIN-Rail.



Step 2: Push the switch toward the DIN-Rail until you heard a "click" sound.

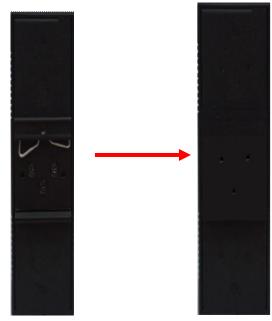


2.2 Wall Mounting Installation

Each switch has another installation method for users to fix the switch. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the switch on the wall:

2.2.1 Mount IES-1204FT on wall

Step 1: Remove DIN-Rail kit.



Step 2: Use 8 screws that can be found in the package to combine the wall mount panel. Just like the picture shows below:

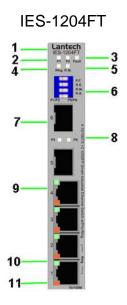


Hardware Overview

3.1 Front Panel

The following table describes the labels that stick on the IES-1204FT

Port	Description	
10/100 RJ-45 fast	10/100Base-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports support	
Ethernet ports	auto-negotiation.	
	Default Setting :	
	Speed: auto	
	Duplex: auto	
	Flow control : disable	
Reset	Push reset button 2 to 3 seconds to reset the switch.	
	Push reset button 5 second to reset the switch into Factory	
	Default.	



- 1. Model name
- 2.LED for PWR1&PWR2 When the PWR links, the green led will be light on
- 3.LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the amber LED will be light on.
- 4.LED for Ring. When the led light on, it means the Pro-Ring is activated.
- 5. LED for R.M (Ring master). When the LED light on, it means that the switch is the ring master of Pro-Ring.
- 6. Dip Switch setting when the Dip sett
 - P.F: Power fault
 - R.E : Ring Enable
 - R.M : Ring Master
 - R.S : Ring Select (P1/P2:Port1 and Port2 , P5/P6:Port5 and Port6)
- 7.100 Base Fiber port on SFP
- 8.LED for SFP LINK/ACT
- 9.10/100Base-T(X) Ethernet ports..
- 10. LED for Ethernet ports ACT status.
- 11. LED for Ethernet ports LINK status.

LED	Color	Status	Description			
PWR1	-					
PWR1	Green	On	DC power module 1 activated.			
PWR2	Green	On	DC power module 2 activated.			
R.M	Green	On	Pro-Ring Master.			
		Slowly blinking	Pro-Ring enabled.			
Ring	Green	Slowly blinking	Pro-Ring topology has problem			
		On	Pro-Ring work normally.			
Fault	Amber	0.5	Fault relay. Power failure or Port			
Fault	Amber	On	down/fail.			
10/100Base-T()	() Fast Ethernet po	orts				
LNK / ACT	Green	On	Port link up.			
LNK / ACT	Green	Blinking	Data transmitted.			
LINK	Amber	On	LINK LED			
100Base Fiber	100Base Fiber port on SFP					
	Green	On	Port link up			
LINK / ACT	Green	Blinking	Data transmitted			

3.2 Front Panel LEDs

3.3 Bottom Panel

.

The bottom panel components of IES-1204FT are showed as below:

Terminal block includes: PWR1, PWR2 (12-48V DC) and Relay output (1A@24VDC).



IES-1204FT power connection

Cables

4.1 Ethernet Cables

The IES-1204FT switch have standard Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the switches use CAT 3, 4, 5,5e UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable Types and Specifications

Cable	Туре	Max. Length	Connector
10BASE-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45
100BASE-TX	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ-45

4.1.1 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T Pin Assignments

With 100BASE-TX/10BASE-T cable, pins 1 and 2 are used for transmitting data, and pins 3 and 6 are used for receiving data.

Pin Number	Assignment
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	Not used
5	Not used
6	RD-
7	Not used
8	Not used

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

The IES-1204FT switches support auto MDI/MDI-X operation. You can use a straight-through cable to connect PC and switch. The following table below shows the 10BASE-T/ 100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pin outs.

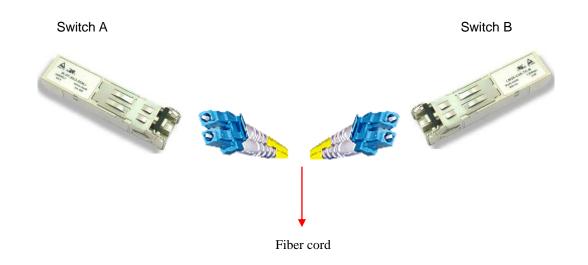
Pin Number	MDI port	MDI-X port
1	TD+(transmit)	RD+(receive)
2	TD-(transmit)	RD-(receive)
3	RD+(receive)	TD+(transmit)
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RD-(receive)	TD-(transmit)
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

MDI/MDI-X pins assignment

Note: "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

4.2 SFP

The Switch has fiber optical ports with SFP connectors. The fiber optical ports are in multi-mode and single-mode with LC connector. Please remember that the TX port of Switch A should be connected to the RX port of Switch B.



WEB Management

Warning!!!. While making any establishment and upgrading firmware, please remove physical loop connection first. DO NOT power off equipment during firmware is upgrading!

5.1 Configuration by Web Browser

This section introduces the configuration by Web browser.

5.1.1 About Web-based Management

An embedded HTML web site resides in flash memory on the CPU board. It contains advanced management features and allows you to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer. The Web-Based Management function supports Internet Explorer 5.0 or later. It is based on Java Applets with an aim to reduce network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

Note: By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to open sockets. You need to explicitly modify the browser setting in order to enable Java Applets to use network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

The default value is as below: IP Address: **192.168.10.1** Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0** Default Gateway: **192.168.10.254** User Name: **admin** Password: **admin**

System Login

- 1. Launch the Internet Explorer.
- 2. Type http:// and the IP address of the switch. Press "Enter".

Eile Edit	: <u>V</u> iew	F <u>a</u> vorites	Tools	Help							.
🚱 Back	• 6) - 💌	2 🟠	🔎 Search	A Favorites	Ø	8-3	R -	-28		
A <u>d</u> dress	http:/	/192.168.1	.0.1							🖌 🛃 Go	Links *

- 3. The login screen appears.
- 4. Key in the username and password. The default username and password is "admin".
- 5. Click "Enter" or "OK" button, then the main interface of the Web-based management appears.

Connect to 192.	68.10.1		? ×
7			À
index.htm			
User name:	🖸 admin		•
Password:	•••••		
	🗖 Remember	my password	
		ок с	ancel

Login screen

Main Interface



Main interface

5.1.2 Basic Setting

5.1.2.1 Switch setting

Switch Setting

System Name	IES-1204FT
System Description	4 10/100TX + 2 100M SFP Smart Industrial Ethernet Switch w/Pro
System Location	
System Contact	
System OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.25972.105.0.1.55
Firmware Version	v1.00
Kernel Version	v1.09
Device MAC	00-1E-94-0E-00-34

Apply Help

Switch setting interface

Label	Description		
System Name	Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64 bytes		
System Description	Display the description of switch.		
System Location	Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64		
	bytes		
System Contact Enter the name of contact person or organization			
Firmware Version Display the switch's firmware version			
Kernel Version	Display the kernel software version		
MAC Address	Display the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer		
	(default)		

5.1.2.2 Admin Password

Change web management login username and password for the management security issue

Admin Password

User Name :	admin
New Password :	•••••
Confirm Password :	•••••

Apply Help

Admin Password interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
User name	Key in the new username (The default is "admin")
New Password	Key in the new password (The default is "admin")
Confirm password	Re-type the new password.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.3 IP configuration

You can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function through IP configuration.

IP Configuration

DHCP Client : Disable 🛩		
IP Address	192.168.10.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Gateway	192.168.10.254	
DNS1	0.0.0.0	
DNS2	0.0.0.0	



IP Configuration interface

Label	Description
DHCP Client	To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP
	client function is enabling, the switch will assign the IP address
	from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be
	replaced by the IP address which the DHCP server has assigned.
	After clicking "Apply" button, a popup dialog will show up to
	inform you when the DHCP client is enabling. The current IP will
	lose and you should find the new IP on the DHCP server.
IP Address	Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client
	function is enabling, you do not need to assign the IP address.
	The network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the
	switch and it will be displayed in this column. The default IP is
	192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	Assign the subnet mask for the IP address. If DHCP client
	function is enabling, you do not need to assign the subnet mask.
Gateway	Assign the network gateway for the switch. The default gateway
	is 192.168.10.254
DNS1	Assign the primary DNS IP address
DNS2	Assign the secondary DNS IP address
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.4 SNTP Configuration

The SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings allow you to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.

SNTP Configuration

SNTP Client : Disable 🖌		
Daylight Saving Time : Disable		
UTC Timezone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 💌	
SNTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66	
Current System Time		
Daylight Saving Period	2006 v / Jan v / 2 v 00 v ~ 2006 v / Jan v / 2 v 00 v	
Daylight Saving Offset	0 (hours)	

Apply Help

SNTP Configuration interface

Label	Description	
SNTP Client	Enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP	
	server.	
Daylight Saving Time	Enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight	
	saving time is enabling, you need to configure the daylight saving	
	time period.	
UTC Time zone	Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the	
	different location time zone for your reference.	

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11 am
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am
ADT - Atlantic Daylight	-3 hours	9 am

AST - Atlantic Standard	-4 hours	8 am
EDT - Eastern Daylight		
EST - Eastern Standard	-5 hours	7 am
CDT - Central Daylight		
CST - Central Standard	-6 hours	6 am
MDT - Mountain Daylight	0 110010	0 am
MST - Mountain Standard	-7 hours	5 am
PDT - Pacific Daylight	-7 110013	5 am
PST - Pacific Standard	-8 hours	4 am
ADT - Alaskan Daylight	-o nours	4 am
ALA - Alaskan Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian Standard	-10 hours	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central European FWT - French Winter MET - Middle European MEWT - Middle European Winter SWT - Swedish Winter	+1 hour	1 pm
EET - Eastern European, USSR Zone 1	+2 hours	2 pm
BT - Baghdad, USSR Zone 2	+3 hours	3 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West Australian Standard	+7 hours	7 pm
CCT - China Coast, USSR Zone 7	+8 hours	8 pm
JST - Japan Standard, USSR Zone 8	+9 hours	9 pm
EAST - East Australian Standard GST Guam Standard, USSR Zone 9	+10 hours	10 pm

IDLE - International Date Line		
NZST - New Zealand Standard	+12 hours	Midnight
NZT - New Zealand		

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SNTP Sever IP	Set the SNTP server IP address.
Address	
Daylight Saving	Set up the Daylight Saving beginning time and Daylight Saving
Period	ending time. Both will be different each year.
Daylight Saving	Set up the offset time.
Offset	
Switch Timer	Display the switch current time.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.2.5 LLDP

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) function allows the switch to advertise its information to other nodes on the network and store the information it discovers.

LLDP Configuration

LLDP Protocol:	Enable 🐱
LLDP Interval:	30 sec

Apply Help

LLDP interface

Label	Description
LLDP Protocol	"Enable" or "Disable" LLDP function.
LLDP Interval	The interval of resend LLDP (by default at 30 seconds)
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.2.6 Dip Setting

You can select Dip switch mode enable or disable

Dip Setting



Apply

Dip setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen

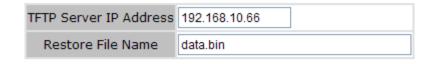
Label	Description
Dip Switch Mode	Enable or disable Dip Switch control
Apply	Apply setting

5.1.2.7 Backup & Restore

You can save current EEPROM value of the switch to TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the EEPROM value.

Backup & Restore

Restore Configuration



Restore Help

Backup Configuration

TFTP Server IP Address	192.168.10.66	
Backup File Name	data.bin	

Backup Help

Backup & Restore interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
TFTP Server IP Address	Fill in the TFTP server IP
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Click "restore" to restore the configurations.
Restore File Name	Fill the file name.
Restore	Click "restore" to restore the configurations.
Backup	Click " backup " to backup the configurations.

5.1.2.8 Upgrade Firmware

Upgrade Firmware allows you to update the switch firmware. Before updating, make sure you have your TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

Upgrade Firmware

TFTP Server IP	192.168.10.66
Firmware File Name	image.bin

Upgrade Help

Update Firmware interface

5.1.3 Port Configuration

5.1.3.1 Port Control

By this function, you can set the state, speed/duplex, flow control, and security of the port.

Port Control

Port No.	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01	Enable 💌	AutoNegotiation 👻	Disable 🗸
Port.02	Enable 🗸	AutoNegotiation 💌	Disable 🗸
Port.03	Enable 🗸	AutoNegotiation 💌	Disable 🗸
Port.04	Enable 🗸	AutoNegotiation 💌	Disable 💌
Port.05	Enable 🗸	100 Full 🗸	Disable 🗸
Port.06	Enable 💌	100 Full 🗸 🗸	Disable 🗸

Apply Help

Port Control interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Port NO.	Port number for setting.
State	Enable/Disable the port.
Speed/Duplex	You can set Auto-negotiation, 100 full,100 half,10 full,10 half
	mode.
Flow Control	Support symmetric and asymmetric mode to avoid packet loss
	when congestion occurred.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

5.1.3.2 Port Status

The following information provides the current port status.

Port Status

Port No.	Туре	Link	State	Speed/Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.03	100TX	UP	Enable	100 Full	Disable
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.05	100FX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A
Port.06	100FX	Down	Enable	N/A	N/A

Port Status interface

5.1.4 Redundancy

5.1.4.1 Fast Recovery Mode

The Fast Recovery Mode can be set to connect multiple ports to one or more switches. The IES-1204FT with its fast recovery mode will provide redundant links. Fast Recovery mode supports 6 priorities, only the first priority will be the act port, the other ports configured with other priority will be the backup ports.

Active	
Port.01	1st Priority 🗸
Port.02	Not included 🐱
Port.03	Not included 🐱
Port.04	Not included 🐱
Port.05	Not included 🐱
Port.06	Not included 🐱

Fast Recovery Mode

Apply

Fast Recovery Mode interface

Label	Description	
Active	Activate the fast recovery mode.	
port	Port can be configured as 6 priorities. Only the port with highest	
	priority will be the active port. 1st Priority is the highest.	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	

5.1.4.2 Pro-Ring

Pro-Ring is one of the most powerful Redundant Ring technology in the world. The recovery time of Pro-Ring is less than 10 ms over 250 units of connections. It can reduce unexpected malfunction caused by network topology change. Pro-Ring technology supports three Ring topologies for network redundancy: Pro-Ring, Coupling Ring and Dual Homing.

Pro-Ring

Pro-Ring	Legacy	Coupling Rin	g	Dual Homi	ng
Tel Nig Part Advantario References	End Ring Port (Backer Path)	Rey 1	Septer Sector Ing R ng Sector Sector Sector Sector Sector	Homing But (screation)	Hen Blag nuclei Henning East Labora Labora Labora Labora Labora Labora Labora Labora
Ring Master	Disable 👻	Coupling Port	Port.01 👻	Homing Port	Port.01 👻
1st Ring Port	Port.01 🗸				
2nd RingPort	Port.02 🗸				

Apply Help

Pro-Ring interface

Label	Description	
Pro-Ring	Mark to enable Pro-Ring.	
Ring Master	There should be one and only one Ring Master in a ring.	
	However if there are two or more switches which set Ring Master	
	to enable, the switch with the lowest MAC address will be the	
	actual Ring Master and others will be Backup Masters.	
1 st Ring Port	The primary port, when this switch is Ring Master.	
2 nd Ring Port	The backup port, when this switch is Ring Master.	
Coupling Ring	Mark to enable Coupling Ring. Coupling Ring can be used to	
	divide a big ring into two smaller rings to avoid effecting all	
	switches when network topology change. It is a good application	
	for connecting two Pro-Rings.	
Coupling Port	Link to Coupling Port of the switch in another ring. Coupling	
	Ring need four switch to build an active and a backup link.	

	Set a port as coupling port. The coupled four ports of four	
	switches will be run at active/backup mode.	
Dual Homing	Mark to enable Dual Homing. By selecting Dual Homing mode,	
	Pro-Ring will be connected to normal switches through two RSTP	
	links (ex: backbone Switch). The two links work as	
	active/backup mode, and connect each Pro-Ring to the normal	
	switches in RSTP mode.	
Apply	Click " Apply " to activate the configurations.	

Note: We don't suggest you to set one switch as a Ring Master and a Coupling Ring at the same time due to heavy load.

5.1.4.3 RSTP

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol. It provides faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

RSTP setting

You can enable/disable the RSTP function, and set the parameters for each port.

RSTP Setting

RSTP Mode	Enable 💙
Bridge Configuration	
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age Time(6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Por	Port Configuration							
Port	Port Path Cost (1-200000000) Priority (0-240) Admin P2P Admin Edge Admin Non STP							
1	200000	128	Auto 🐱	True 🖌	False 🐱			
2	200000	128	Auto 🗸	True 🗸	False 🗸			
3	200000	128	Auto 🐱	True 🗸	False 🖌			
4	200000	128	Auto 🔽	True 🗸	False 🛩			
5	200000	128	Auto 🐱	True 🗸	False 🖌			
6	200000	128	Auto 🐱	True 🗸	False 🖌			

Apply Help

RSTP Setting interface

-	
Label	Description
RSTP mode	You must enable or disable RSTP function before configuring the
	related parameters.
Priority (0-61440)	A value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the
	lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root.
	If the value changes, you must reboot the switch. The value
	must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule.
Max Age (6-40)	The number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving
	Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before
	attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through
	40.
Hello Time (1-10)	The time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check
	RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10.
Forwarding Delay	The number of seconds a port waits before changing from its
Time (4-30)	Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the
	forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30.
Path Cost	The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting
(1-20000000)	bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through
	20000000.
Priority (0-240)	Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a
	number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple
	of 16
Admin P2P	Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within
	RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only
	be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. It is served by a
	point-to-point LAN segment), or it can be connected to two or
	more bridges (i.e. It is served by a shared medium LAN segment).
	This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated
	administratively. True means P2P enabling. False means P2P
	disabling.
Admin Edge	The port is directly connected to end stations, and it cannot create
	bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge
	port, set the port to " True ".
Admin Non STP	The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not
	including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the
	STP mathematic calculation.

Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
-------	---

NOTE: Follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time:

2 x (Forward Delay Time value -1) \geq Max Age value \geq 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

RSTP Information

Show RSTP algorithm result at this table.

RSTP Information

Root Bridge Information

Bridge ID	0080001E940E0034
Root Priority	32768
Root Port	Root
Root Path Cost	0
Max Age Time	20
Hello Time	2
Forward Delay Time	15

Port Information

Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	OperP2P	OperEdge	STP Neighbor	State	Role
Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.02	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.03	200000	128	True	True	False	Forwarding	Designated
Port.04	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.05	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled
Port.06	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled

RSTP Information interface

5.1.5 VLAN Configuration – Port Based

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which allows you to isolate network traffic. Only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically. The switch supports port-based VLAN only.

Port Based

Packets can go among only members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

Port-Based VLAN

	Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06
Group.1						
Group.2						
Group.3						
Group.4						
Group.5						
Group.6						

Apply Help

VLAN Configuration - Port Based VLAN interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Group	Mark the blank to assign the port into VLAN group.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.6 QOS

QOS includes 3 modes: port base, 802.1p/COS, and TOS/DSCP. By traffic prioritization function, you can classify the traffic into four classes for differential network application. IES-3073GC support 4 priority queues.

QoS Setting

Qos Policy : • Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme • Use a strict priority scheme Priority Type : Disable

Polocy Setting interface

Label	Des	Description						
QoS Mode		• Port-base: the output priority is determined by ingress port.						
		COS only: the output priority is determined by COS only.						
	TOS only: the output priority is determined by TOS only.							
		COS first: the output priority is determined by COS and						
	TOS, but COS first.							
	-	TOS first: the output priority is determined by COS and						

	TOS, but TOS first.
QoS policy	 Using the 8,4,2,1 weight fair queue scheme: the output queues will follow 8:4:2:1 ratio to transmit packets from the highest to lowest queue. For example: 8 high queue packets, 4 middle queue packets, 2 low queue packets, and the one lowest queue packets are transmitted in one turn. Use the strict priority scheme: always the packets in higher queue will be transmitted first until higher queue is empty.
Help	Show help file.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.

COS / 802.1p

COS/802.1p :								
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Priority	Low 🗸	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 🗸	Low 🗸	Middle 💌	Middle 💌	High 🔽	High 🔽

COS/802.1p	COS (Class Of Service) is well known as 802.1p. It describes
	that the output priority of a packet is determined by user
	priority field in 802.1Q VLAN tag. The priority value is
	supported 0 to 7 COS value map to 4 priority queues: Highest,
	SecHigh, SecLow, and Lowest.
	SecHigh, SecLow, and Lowest.

Port Base Priority

Port-based Priority :										
Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06					
Lowest 💌	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🐱					
Apply										

Port base Priority	Assign each port a value form 0 to 7, the value will according	
	to the 802.1p 4 priority queues.	
Help	Show help file.	

Ap	vla
rμ	עיק

TOS/DSCP Priority

TOS/D	SCP :							
DSCP	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Priority	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🐱				
DSCP	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Priority	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🗸	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🐱	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🗸
DSCP	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Priority	Low 💌	Low 🗸	Low 🗸	Low 🗸	Low 💌	Low 🗸	Low 🔽	Low 🗸
DSCP	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Priority	Low 💌	Low 🗸						
DSCP	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Priority	Middle 💌	Middle 🔽						
DSCP	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Priority	Middle 💌	Middle 🔽						
DSCP	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
Priority	High 🔽							
DSCP	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Priority	High 🔽							
Apply								

TOS/DSCP	TOS (Type of Service) is a field in IP header of a packet. This
	TOS field is also used by Differentiated Services and is called
	the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP). The output
	priority of a packet can be determined by this field and the
	priority value is supported 0 to 63. DSCP value map to 4
	priority queues: Highest, SecHigh, SecLow, and Lowest.
Apply	Click "Apply" to set the configurations.

5.1.7 MAC Filter

Two useful functions can enhance security of switch: Static MAC List (Port Security), MAC Blacklist.

5.1.7.1 Static Mac List

Port security is to add static MAC addresses to hardware forwarding database. If port security is enabled at Port Control page, only the frames with MAC addresses in this list will be forwarded, otherwise will be discarded.

Static MAC List

MAC Address Port No.	Port.01 🗸	
Add Delete He Static MAC L		
MAC Address		Port

Static MAC List (Port Security)

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to a specific port.	
Port NO.	Select port of switch.	
Add	Add an entry of MAC and port information.	
Delete	Delete the entry.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.7.2 MAC Blacklist

MAC Blacklist can eliminate the traffic forwarding to specific MAC addresses in list. Any frames forwarding to MAC addresses in this list will be discarded. Thus the target device will never receive any frame.

MAC Blacklist

MAC Address	
Add Delete Help	
MAC Address	

MAC Blacklist interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
MAC Address	Input MAC Address to add to MAC Blacklist.
Port NO.	Select port of switch.
Add	Add an entry to Blacklist table.
Delete	Delete the entry.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.8 SNMP Configuration

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the protocol developed to manage nodes (servers, workstations, routers, switches and hubs etc.) on an IP network. SNMP enables network administrators to manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth. Network management systems learn of problems by receiving traps or change notices from network devices implementing SNMP.

5.1.8.1 SNMP - Agent Setting

You can set SNMP agent related information by Agent Setting Function.

SNMP - Agent Setting

SNMPv3 Engine ID: f465000003001e940e0034 SNMP Agent Version

SNMPV1/V2c 🗸 Apply

SNMP V1/V2c Community

Community String	Privilege
public	Read Only 🗸
private	Read and Write 💌
	Read Only 🗸
	Read Only 🗸

Apply Help

SNMP - Agent Setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description	
SNMP – Agent	SNMP Community should be set for SNMP. Four sets of	
Setting	"Community String/Privilege" are supported. Each Community	
	String is maximum 32 characters. Keep empty to remove this	
	Community string.	

5.1.6.2 SNMP – Trap Setting

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string. To define management stations as trap manager and enter SNMP community strings and selects the SNMP version.

SNMP - Trap Setting

Trap Server Setting

Server IP		
Community		
Trap Version	⊙V1 ○V2c	
		Add

Trap Server Profile

Server IP	Community	Trap Version
(none)		
		Remove
Help		

SNMP – Trap Setting interface

Label	Description	
Server IP	The server IP address to receive Trap	
Community	Community for authentication	
Trap Version	Trap Version supports V1 and V2c.	
Add	Add trap server profile.	
Remove	Remove trap server profile.	
Help	Show help file.	

5.1.6.3 SNMP-SNMPV3 Setting

SNMP - SNMPv3 Setting				
ContextTable				
Context Name :				Apply
UserTable				
Current User Profiles :	Remove	New User Profile :		Add
		User ID:		
		Authentication Password:		
		Privacy Password:		
GroupTable				
Current Group content :	Remove	New Group Table:		Add
		Security Name (User ID):		
		Group Name:		
AccessTable				
Current Access Tables :	Remove	New Access Table :		Add
		Context Prefix:		
		Group Name:		
		Security Level:	○ NoAuthNoPriv. AuONoPriv. ○ AuthPriv.	
		Context Match Rule	O Exact FO2flx	
		Read View Name:		
		Write View Name:		
		Notify View Name:		
MIEViewTable				
Current MIBTables :	Remove	New MIBView Table :		Add
		View Name:		
		SubOld-Tree:		
		Туре:	\bigcirc Excluded I Ω luded	
Help				
Note: Any modification of SNMPv3 tables might caus	se MIB accessing reje	ction. Please take notice of the causality between	the tables before you modify thes	e tables.

Label	Description		
Context Table	Configure SNMP v3 context table. Assign the context name of		
	context table. Click "Apply" to change context name		
User Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 user table.		
	2. User ID: set up the user name.		
	3. Authentication Password: set up the		
	authentication password.		
	4. Privacy Password: set up the private password.		
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.		
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.		
Group Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 group table.		

	•
	2. Security Name (User ID): assign the user name
	that you have set up in user table.
	3. Group Name: set up the group name.
	4. Click "Add" to add context name.
	5. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Access Table	1. Configure SNMP v3 access table.
	2. Context Prefix: set up the context name.
	3. Group Name: set up the group.
	4. Security Level: select the access level.
	5. Context Match Rule: select the context match rule.
	6. Read View Name: set up the read view.
	7. Write View Name: set up the write view.
	8. Notify View Name: set up the notify view.
	9. Click "Add" to add context name.
	10. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
MIBview Table	1. Configure MIB view table.
	2. ViewName: set up the name.
	3. Sub-Oid Tree: fill the Sub OID.
	4. Type: select the type – exclude or included.
	5. Click "Add" to add context name.
	6. Click "Remove" to remove unwanted context name.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.Warning

Warning function is very important for managing switch. You can manage switch by SYSLOG, E-MAIL, and Fault Relay. It helps you to monitor the switch status on remote site. When events occurred, the warning message will send to your appointed server, E-MAIL, or relay fault to switch panel.

5.1.7.1. SYSLOG Setting

The SYSLOG is a protocol to transmit event notification messages across networks. Please refer to RFC 3164 - The BSD SYSLOG Protocol

System Warning - SYSLOG Setting

EVELOC Server ID Address 0.0.0.0	SYSLOG Mode	Disable 🗸 🗸
STSLOG Server IP Address 0.0.0.0	SYSLOG Server IP Address	0.0.0.0

Apply Help

System Warning - SYSLOG Setting interface

Label	Description		
SYSLOG Mode	Disable: disable SYSLOG.		
	Client Only: log to local system.		
	■ Server Only: log to a remote SYSLOG server.		
	Both: log to both of local and remote server.		
SYSLOG Server IP	The remote SYSLOG Server IP address.		
Address			
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.		
Help	Show help file.		

5.1.7.2. System Event LOG

If system log client is enabled, the system event logs will show in this table.

System Warning - SYSLOG List

	1: Jan	1 00:13:5	3 : Systen	n Log Enal	ole!	
	2: Jan	1 00:13:5	3 : Systen	n Log Serv	er IP: 192.1	68.10.66
				-		
L						
_						
	Page.1	1 🗸				
L	-					
			_			
Reloa	d C	lear He	lp			

System event log interface

Label	Description
Page	Select LOG page.
Reload	To get the newest event logs and refresh this page.
Clear	Clear log.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.3. SMTP Setting

The SMTP is Short for Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. It is a protocol for e-mail transmission across the Internet. Please refer to RFC 821 - Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.

System Warning - SMTP Setting

E-mail Alert : Enable

SMTP Configuration

SMTP Server IP Address	0.0.0.0
Sender E-mail Address	
Mail Subject	Automated Email Alert
Authentication	
Recipient E-mail Address 1	
Recipient E-mail Address 2	
Recipient E-mail Address 3	
Recipient E-mail Address 4	

Apply Help

System Warning - SMTP Setting interface

Label	Description
E-mail Alarm	Enable/Disable transmission system warning events by e-mail.
Sender E-mail	The SMTP server IP address
Address	
Mail Subject	The Subject of the mail
Authentication	■ Username: the authentication username.
	Password: the authentication password.
	Confirm Password: re-enter password.
Recipient E-mail	The recipient's E-mail address. It supports up to 6 recipients per
Address	mail.
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.7.4. Even Selection

SYSLOG and SMTP are the two warning methods that supported by the system. Check the corresponding box to enable system event warning method you wish to choose. Please note that the checkbox can not be checked when SYSLOG or SMTP is disabled.

System Warning - Event Selection

System Event

Event	SYSLOG	SMTP
System Cold Start		
Pro-Ring Topology Change		

Port Event

Port No.	SYSLOG	SMTP
Port.01	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸
Port.02	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸
Port.03	Disable 🗸	Disable
Port.04	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸
Port.05	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸
Port.06	Disable 🗸	Disable 🗸

Apply Help

System Warning - Event Selection interface

Label	Description	
System Event		
System Cold Start	Alert when system restart	
Pro-Ring Topology	Alert when Pro-Ring topology change	
Change		
Port Event	■ Disable	
	■ Link Up	
	■ Link Down	
	Link Up & Link Down	
Apply	Click "Apply" to activate the configurations.	

Help Show help file.

5.1.7.5. Fault Alarm

When any selected fault event is happened, the Fault LED in switch panel will light up and the electric relay will signal at the same time.

Fault Alarm

Power Failur	е
PWR 1	PWR 2
Port Link Dov	wn/Broken
Port 1	Port 2
Port 3	🗌 Port 4
Port 5	🗌 Port 6
Apply Help	

Fault alarm interface

5.1.8 Front Panel

Show IES-1204FT panel. Click "Close" to close panel on web.



Front panel interface

5.1.9 Save Configuration

If any configuration changed, "**Save Configuration**" should be clicked to save current configuration data into the permanent flash memory. Otherwise, the current configuration will be lost when power off or system reset.

Save Configuration

Save Help

System Configuration interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Save	Save all configurations.
Help	Show help file.

5.1.10 Factory Default

Factory Default

Keep current IP address setting?
 Keep current username & password?

Reset Help

Factory Default interface

Reset switch to default configuration. Click Reset to reset all configurations to the

default value. You can select "Keep current IP address setting" and "Keep current username & password" to prevent IP and username & password from default.

5.1.11 System Reboot

System Reboot

Please click [Reboot] button to restart switch device.

Reboot

System Reboot interface

Technical Specifications

Technology		
Ethernet Standards	IEEE802.3 10BASE-T	
	IEEE802.3u 100BASE-TX	
	IEEE802.3x Flow Control and Back pressure	
	IEEE802.1D Spanning tree protocol	
	IEEE802.1w Rapid Spanning tree protocol	
	IEEE802.1AB LLDP	
MAC addresses	2048	
Flow Control	IEEE 802.3x Flow Control and Back-pressure	
VLAN	Port based	
Processing	Store-and-Forward	
Firmware upgrade	TFTP	
Ring redundancy	RSTP	
	Pro-Ring	
	Fast recovery	
Interface		
RJ45 Ports	10/100Base-T(X), Auto MDI/MDI-X	
Fiber Ports	100 Base SFP	
	Multi-Mode SFP module	
	Single-Mode SFP module	
LED Indicators	Per Unit : Power x 2(Green)	
	RJ45 Ports:	
	Per Port : Link/Activity(Green/Blinking Green), Full	
	LINK(Amber)	
	Fiber Ports:	
	Per Port : Link/Activity/(Green/Blinking)	
Power Requirements		
Power Input Voltage	PWR1/2: 12 ~ 48V DC in 6 pin Terminal block	
Reverse Polarity Protection	Present	
Power Consumption	7 Watts Max.	
Environmental		
Wide Operating Temperature	-40 to 70°C	
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C	

Operating Humidity	5% to 95%, non-condensing	
Mechanical		
Dimensions(W x D x H)	26.1 mm (W) x 95 mm(D) x 144.3 mm(H)	
Casing	IP-30 protection	
Regulatory Approvals		
Regulatory Approvals	FCC Part 15, CISPER (EN55022) class A	
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4	
	(EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS)	
Shock	IEC 60068-2-27	
Free Fall	IEC 60068-2-32	
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6	
Warranty	5 years	